## New Mexico Register / Volume XXXVI, Issue 3 / February 11, 2025

This is :	an emer	gency amendment to 21.30.4 NMAC, Sections 7, 11, 12 and 13 effective 2/11/2025.
21 20 4	-	DEEINITIONO
21.30.4		DEFINITIONS:
		"Livestock" means cattle, sheep, swine, bison, goats, horses, mules, asses, poultry, ratites,
		rmed cervidae. 
		top movement of certain livestock because of the possibility those livestock are diseased or exposed
		lisease, but the disease has not been confirmed in those livestock.
		"Premises" means a place where livestock is held for personal or commercial purposes.
		<b>"Restricted zone"</b> a defined geographic portion of the state.]
		"Board" means the New Mexico livestock board.
	<u>A.</u> B.	"Cohort(s)" equids considered to be exposed or high-risk due to epidemiological link to a
nositive	animal.	Conor (s) Equids considered to be exposed of high-fisk due to epidemiological link to a
positive	<u>с.</u>	"Director" means the executive director of the New Mexico livestock board.
	<u> </u>	"Hold order" means a directive by the New Mexico livestock board by or through the state
vetering	-	top movement of certain livestock because of the possibility those livestock are diseased or exposed
		lisease, but the disease has not been confirmed in those livestock.
	E.	"Inspector" means any duly authorized or commissioned officer of the livestock board.
	<u>F.</u>	"Livestock" means cattle, sheep, swine, bison, goats, horses, mules, asses, poultry, ratites,
camelid		rmed cervidae.
<u>eumena</u>	G.	"Premises" means a place where livestock is held for personal or commercial purposes.
	Н.	"Regulatory sample" means blood sample collected for confirmatory testing
	I.	"Restricted zone" a defined geographic portion of the state.
	J.	"Surveillance sample" means blood sample collected for routine testing
[21.30.4		C - Rp, 21.30.4.7 NMAC, 7/16/2024, A/E, 2/11/2025]
L		I)
21.30.4	.12	EQUINE INFECTIOUS ANEMIA RESPONSE (EIA):
	A.	Equine infectious anemia (EIA): is an infectious disease of equines caused by a lentivirus, equine
infection	us anemi	a virus (EIAV). The infection is characterized by three distinct forms: acute, chronic (both associated
with clin	nical sign	as of disease), and inapparent.
	B.	Official test: The agar gel immunodiffusion (AGID) test, also known as the coggins test, the
<u>competi</u>	tive enzy	me-linked immunosorbent assay (CELISA) test, and other United States department of agriculture
(USDA)	) licensed	l tests approved by the New Mexico livestock board (NMLB), are the official tests for equine
infection	us anemia	a (EIA) in all equine species.
	C.	
and CEI	LISA or o	other USDA licensed tests. Equine blood samples collected for official EIA tests shall be collected by
		animal health official or an accredited veterinarian who is licensed in the state in which the animal
being te	sted is lo	
	D.	EIA infected animals: Any equid testing positive for EIA on surveillance sampling will be placed
		t its current location, isolated from other equids by at least 200 yards, until confirmatory testing is
		USDA National veterinary services laboratory (NVSL). Cohorts of the EIA-positive equid(s) will
also be s	subject to	the hold order subject to the conditions listed in section E6.
		(1) If an EIA-positive equid is located on a premises other than that of the owner at the time of
		Office of the State Veterinarian may authorize movement of the EIA-positive equid to the owner's
		mises approved for isolation by the NMLB. The movement shall occur under the direct supervision of
		the trailer shall be sealed by a livestock inspector prior to leaving the origin. Seals shall be broken only
<u>by a live</u>	estock ins	spector at the destination.
		(2) If NVSL determines the sample is negative based on AGID, the hold order will be released.
		(3) If NVSL confirms the sample is positive based on AGID, the hold order will be upgraded to
<u>a quarar</u>	ntine with	nin 24 hours of receipt of confirmation. Regulatory testing of the EIA-positive equid and its cohorts

will be performed by a state or federal regulatory veterinarian within five days of NVSL confirmation of the surveillance sample.

## E. Disposition of confirmed EIA-positive horses:

(1) EIA-positive equids must be:

(2) euthanized and buried or incinerated in accordance with local ordinance within five days of NVSL confirmation of the regulatory sample;or

(3) exported out of New Mexico within 30 days if the owner is able to obtain permission from the receiving state or country and USDA:

(4) Any EIA-positive equid that cannot be euthanized within five days of NVSL confirmation or any EIA-positive equid destined for export shall be branded (either freeze or hot-iron) with an 85A on the left neck or left shoulder in accordance with the USDA EIA uniform methods and rules within five days of NVSL confirmation. Euthanasia or export shall occur within 30 days of NVSL confirmation. The owner is responsible for the cost of export or euthanasia and disposal of the EIA-positive equid(s) and shall not be indemnified by the state for any loss caused by the destruction or loss of value of the equid(s). The veterinarian performing the euthanasia shall provide a written affidavit to the office of the state veterinarian within 72 hours of performing the euthanasia.

## F. Exposed or high-risk equids:

(1) exposed or high-risk equids are those determined to have an epidemiological link to the positive animal either by proximity, common ownership, or other factors. An exposed or high-risk equid may or may not be located on the same premises as an EIA-positive equid. Equids considered to be exposed or high-risk may be tested by an accredited veterinarian at the owner's expense or by a state or federal regulatory veterinarian. Equids tested by an accredited veterinarian may be subject to a retest by a state or federal regulatory veterinarian at any time.

(2) exposed or high-risk equids shall be placed under a hold order until they have tested negative to EIA at least 60 days after the last known exposure.

(3) movement of exposed or high-risk equids may be allowed prior to the 60 day test if they have a negative EIA test performed by an accredited veterinarian prior to movement and with approval of the office of the state veterinarian. Request for movement approval is required at least 48 hours prior to it occurring and shall include the following information:

(a)	registered name of equid;
(b)	all official identification of equid (including microchip or tattoo);
(c)	name of owner;
(d)	name of trainer;
(e)	destination;
(f)	purpose of movement;
(g)	and length of stay.
(4) the	se equids shall be made available for their 60 day test regardless of their location.

G. Compliance: Livestock Inspectors who are certified peace officers, in accordance with Section 30-18-14 NMSA 1978 shall enforce the provisions of Chapter 30, Article 18 NMSA 1978 and other criminal laws relating to livestock. Livestock inspectors may arrest persons found in the act or whom they have probable cause to believe are guilty of driving, holding or slaughtering stolen livestock. Any person who violates the provisions of these rules may be subject to the criminal and civil penalties pursuant to Sections 77-2-9, 77-2-22 NMSA 1978. Penalties for misdemeanor crimes can include imprisonment of less than one year or fines up to \$1000 or both. Penalties for petty misdemeanors can include imprisonment not to exceed six months or fines up to \$500 or both. Furthermore, any person who violates a rule adopted under the power granted to the board unless the penalty has been fixed by law is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be sentenced in accordance with the provisions of Section 31-19-1 NMSA 1978.

[21.30.4.12 NMAC - N/E, 2/11/2025]

## [21.30.4.12] 21.30.4.13 VESICULAR STOMATITIS; RESTRICTIONS AND SAFEGUARDS DEEMED PROPER TO PROTECT LIVESTOCK IN NEW MEXICO:

**A.** Livestock cannot be removed from a VS-quarantined premise. Any livestock introduced onto VSquarantined premises will be subject to the quarantine restrictions and remain on the premises until the quarantine has been lifted.

**B.** Transporters hauling any New Mexico origin livestock in New Mexico must have in possession a current brand inspection (form 1) or a permanent equine hauling card (form 1-H).

C. Participants in public events in which all livestock attending originate from New Mexico must:

(1) present and have verified by event officials a certificate of veterinary inspection (CVI), commonly known as a *health certificate*, for each animal brought by that participant and that has been issued within five days prior to arrival at the event, or

(2) have the livestock examined upon arrival at the event by designated officials as specified and provided by the event organizers; the designated official should be a veterinarian whose background and experience with livestock would allow them to recognize abnormalities in tissues that could be consistent with vesicular stomatitis.

(3) The state veterinarian may specify other restrictions consistent with the board's duty to protect the health and integrity of the livestock industry in New Mexico, including limiting any destinations of the horse.

**D.** Participants with livestock that originate in New Mexico attending public events in New Mexico where livestock from states other than New Mexico will be present must:

(1) present and have verified by event officials a certificate of veterinary inspection (CVI), commonly known as a *health certificate*, for each animal brought by that participant and that has been issued within five days prior to arrival at the event, and

(2) have the livestock examined upon arrival at the event by a NM accredited veterinarian.
E. All livestock entering New Mexico public auctions facilities must receive a health examination prior to sale by a NM accredited veterinarian.

**F.** Out of state livestock entering New Mexico from any other state or territory must meet all current New Mexico entry requirements. Owners of livestock temporarily entering New Mexico are urged to contact their state animal health officials for requirements and restrictions to return to their home state from New Mexico. [21.30.4.13 NMAC - Rp, 21 NMAC.30.4.12, 7/16/2024, Rn, 1/30/2025]